

“JUSTIFICATION”

Lesson 23

1. Before the _____ God left the sins committed go _____.
Romans 3:25-26
2. The law made man _____ of sin, and holds the whole world _____
_____ for their sins. Romans 3:19-20
3. Righteousness did not come from observing the law, but from the _____
_____ through _____. Romans 3:24 &
Ephesians 2:8
4. _____ in the grace of God, but to justify does not mean
to _____. Romans 3:24
5. Justification is _____ whereby the guilty sinner is
_____ through faith in Christ. Romans 8:1, 31-33; 5:9
6. God declares that a believer is _____ and not a
_____. Acts 13:37-39; Romans 4:25
7. God justified us by his _____ because of his _____ for us.
Titus 3:4-7; Romans 5:8
8. The believer is justified by: Romans 5:9-10
 - a. _____ Hebrews 9:22
 - b. _____ 1 Peter 1:3
9. The just _____ by _____. Romans 1:17;
Galatians 3:11; Habakkuk 2:4; Hebrews 11:1
10. In the _____ our _____
lived by faith. Genesis 15:6; Romans 4:3
11. The believer is _____ by faith not the _____.
Romans 3:28
12. Works make faith _____. James 2:14-26
13. Righteousness was credited to Abraham because he believed God and this before:
 - a. _____ (religious ceremony)
 - b. _____ (works)
 - c. _____ (law)

14. Righteousness was not for only _____, but for all that _____
in Christ. Romans 4:20-24
15. Perfect faith works by _____. Galatians 5:6; Romans 13:8

Conclusion

Before God we are justified by faith because God sees our hearts. Before man our works give evidence of our faith so that before man we are justified in our faith.

In justification the sinner stands before God as the accused and is declared free. (Romans 8:33) The sinner is forgiven. In forgiveness he stands before God, not as a pardoned sinner, but a justified saint in Christ as though he never sinned at all.