

## REDEMPTION

### Lesson 25

1. The truths of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ are two more of the cardinal doctrines of the faith.
2. Both of these truths are the result of the \_\_\_\_\_ of Christ on the cross.
3. The \_\_\_\_\_ of all scripture is \_\_\_\_\_ but the \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Redemption is based on the \_\_\_\_\_. Hebrews 9:12
5. The blood of Christ is to the Bible what blood is to our bodies (\_\_\_\_\_) Lev. 17:11 and 26
6. The first promise of redemption in scripture is found in the \_\_\_\_\_ There would be One who would \_\_\_\_\_. Genesis 3:15
7. The One who would defeat Satan was \_\_\_\_\_. He was the \_\_\_\_\_ Matthew 1:21; Luke 2:11
8. Leviticus 25 gives the law of the \_\_\_\_\_. Lev. 25:25
9. The kinsman redeemer had to \_\_\_\_\_ requirements:
  - A. He had to be \_\_\_\_\_ to redeem. Lev. 25:25
  - B. He had to have the \_\_\_\_\_ to redeem. Lev. 25:48 & 49
  - C. He has to have the \_\_\_\_\_ to redeem. Lev. 25:52
10. In the story of Ruth in the Old Testament \_\_\_\_\_ is a \_\_\_\_\_ of the true kinsman Redeemer promised back in Genesis 3:15.
11. In the Old Testament there are \_\_\_\_\_ Hebrew words with similar meanings regarding \_\_\_\_\_:
  - A. To \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ Exodus 6:6
  - B. To remove \_\_\_\_\_ Exodus 14:30
  - C. To \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ Deuteronomy 21:8
12. The word \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ is also from the Hebrew root word for redemption. The division between Israel and others was brought about by \_\_\_\_\_. The sprinkled blood of the \_\_\_\_\_ was the \_\_\_\_\_ of redemption. Exodus 12:12 and 13

\*\* Special Notation - Old Testament summary:

Redemption was the payment made in order for a slave, widow, or even the nation of Israel to be set free. The payment was made by one who was willing and able to pay the ransom price as Boaz did in the Book of Ruth. When blood was required, a spotless lamb was offered.

13. In the New Testament redemption means:

- A. \_\_\_\_\_ Titus 2:14
- B. To release by \_\_\_\_\_ Ephesians 1:7
- C. To \_\_\_\_\_ paying a price, to buy out of the market place.  
Galatians 3:12-14

\*\* Special Notation - Old and New Testament summary:

Redemption is to deliver by paying a price by a near kinsman. The price was paid by Christ on the cross and fulfilled the Old Testament prophecies of redemption.

- 14. The kinsman redeemer of the Old Testament was a \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ in the New Testament: \_\_\_\_\_.
- 15. Jesus was \_\_\_\_\_ to redeem. Galatians 4:4 and 5; Philippians 2:6-8
- 16. Jesus has the \_\_\_\_\_ to be our \_\_\_\_\_ because He is our kinsman.  
Romans 8:17; Hebrews 2:11
- 17. Jesus had the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_ to redeem us.  
John 10:11, 17 and 18
- 18. Jesus has \_\_\_\_\_ to be our Redeemer. He has paid  
the price on the cross.
- 19. The precious blood of Christ was \_\_\_\_\_ of our redemption.  
Matthew 27:4; 1 Peter 1:18-19; and Acts 20:28
- 20. \_\_\_\_\_ redemption is yet \_\_\_\_\_ because, as in  
sanctification, complete redemption includes the \_\_\_\_\_.  
Romans 8:23; 1 Cor. 15:35-50; Ephesians 4:30 and Philippians 3:20 and 21
- 21. \_\_\_\_\_ will also be \_\_\_\_\_ one day. Romans 8:18-22

## **Conclusion**

Being a Christian, a redeemed person, places a responsibility and an obligation to always glorify the Father because we have been bought with a price. The price paid for our redemption was the shed blood of Jesus Christ -- the only thing and the only Person who could redeem sinful man. We must be willing to proclaim His Word, tell of His saving grace, live a life to portray the life of a redeemed person. "Lift up your heads ... your redemption draweth nigh" (Luke 21:28). "Looking for that blessed hope, and glorious appearing of the great God and our Saviour, Jesus Christ" (Titus 1:13). He could appear at any time. Is He your "blessed hope" -- your Lord and Saviour?